Pyogenic granuloma is a relatively common skin growth. The term pyogenic granuloma was described by Poncet and dor 1897.

The term pyogenic granuloma is actually a misnomer since it contains neither the inflammatory (purulent) exudate nor the typical granulomatous epitheloid giant cell reaction.

It is also known as eruptive hemangioma or lobular capillary hemangioma or pregnancy skin growth. The term pyogenic granuloma were described by Poncet and dor 1897.

Pyogenic granuloma is a relatively common skin growth. The term pyogenic granuloma was described by Poncet and dor 1897.

The common site of involvement is face, hands, finger, lips and eyelids.

Ocular involvement is mostly located on external surface of eyelid or palpebral conjunctiva.

The diagnosis may be challenging if diagnosed especially at the limbus or cornea.

Might be misdiagnosed as conjuctival squamous cell carcinoma & ended up with enucleation.

The age of onset, history of prior trauma, infections & clinical features will often point to the correct diagnosis. Histopathological diagnosis will confirm the entity.

Corneal pyogenic granuloma is a rare complication of minor trauma, surgery and infection.

Therefore it should be considered as differential diagnosis in corneal mass especially after infection or trauma.

REFERENCES